## THE UNION

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 26, 1845.

Israel C. James, C. W. James, H. M. Lewis, Stevenson, J. F. Johnson, J. H. Stevenson W. A. Pierce, James Pierce, James K. Whipple, W. H. Weld, O. H. P. Stem, Henry Platt, Wi'liam Gouldin, M. Boullemet, Jesse Stansbury, A. Billing, and W. S. Wood, are authorized to receive subscribers, and make collections for

We are requested to say the same gen

The following sketches are "instinct with life."
Coming events seem to be making good the
anticipation of Mr. Polk's inaugural. "Already
(says that address) are our people preparing and children. But eighty years ago, our pulation was confined on the west by the ridge of increasing to many millions, have filled the valley of the Mississippi; adventurously as-the Missouri to its head springs; and are already engaged in establishing the blessings of self-government in valleys of which the rivers flow to the Pa duty of protecting them adequately, wherever they may be upon our soil. The jurisdiction of our which they have selected for their homes. The inobligation imposed by treaty or conventional stipu

The tide of emigration is setting strongly, from the United States to the fertile plains of Oregon. The emigrants are of the right kind to build up a State west of the Rocky mountains, being composed of the bold, hardy and adventurous sons of the West. Upon the shores of the Pacific, the finest country on the globe awaits but cultivation by the hand of man, to pour forth its fruits in abundance; and none so Texas, admitted into the United States—with the addition of Nebraska and Wisconsin, Florida, and lowa, the States of the Union would embrace every variety of soil suitable for culture. With commercial cities rising in the Far West, at Nocka Sound, and other points upon the Pacific, vieng with Boston, New York and New Orleans, in the North, East and South, and aided by the trade of China and other nations, their sails whitening the Pacific, and rivaling, in half a century, the richest marts of the Atlantic in opulence and splendor, the course of this, the oldest and greatest of American republics, is, and must be, overard!

supply the demands made upon them, and every-thing seems to be "going ahead" like lightning. Let the paper speak for itself:

thing acems to be "going ahead" like lightning. Let the paper speak for itself:

"Even while we write, we see a long train of wagons coming through our busy streets; they are hailed with shouts of welcome by their fellow-voyagers, and to judge from the pleased expression on every face, it 'all goes merry as a marriage bell.' On looking out at the passing train, we see among the foremost a very comfortable covered wagon, one of the sheets drawn saide, and an extremely nice-looking lady seated inside, very quietly sewing; the bottom of the wagon is carpeted; there are two or three chairs, and at one end there is a bureau, surmounted by a mirror; various articles of ornament and convenience hang around the sides—a perfect prairie boudoir. Blessed be woman! Shedding light and happiness where'er she goes; with her theywidpsrairie will be a paradise! Blessed be ite who gave us this connecting link between Heaven and man, to win us from our wilder ways! Hold on there, this is getting entirely too sentimental; but we don't care who laughs, we felt better and happier when we looked on this picture, than we may express. That fine manify fellow riding along by the side of the wagon, and looking in so pleasantly, is doubtless the lady's husband; we almost envy him. But they're past; and now comes team after team, each drawn by six or eight stout oxen, and such drivers! positively sons of Anak! not one of them less than six feet two in his stockings. Whoo has, 'Go it boys! We're in a perfect Oregon fever! Now comes on a stock of every description, children, niggers, hores, mules, cows, exen, and there seem no end to them. From present evidences, we suppose that not less than from two to three thousand people are congregating at this point previous to their starting on the broad prairie, which will be one or shout the 10th of May."

"The Expositor" says further, "a train of up-

"The Expositor" says further, "a train of upwards of two hundred wagons left our town on Tuesday and Wednesday last, for Oregon; others have been departing daily since. Yesterday twentyeight more passed this town from the neighborho of Fort Madison, Iowa Territory. From St. Josephs we learn that two hundred wagons have crossed the Missouri at that place and its vicinity. and departed for the same destination. Whilst we write a friend informs us that fifty more wagons are crossing at the lower ferry, and will pass on to-morrow. As the main company have started at write a friend informs us that fifty more wagons are morrow. As the main company have started at least two weeks earlier than usual, and many in-

can" of the 15th instant, calls upon our government not to leave the Oregon settlers without protection, and submits the following information to its readers. The Baltimore American says that "the question of right to the Oregon" should be brought to issue as soon as possible; for "if brought to issue as soon as possible; for "if the matter is not soon adjusted by negotiation, there will be constant danger of a collision between our settlers in the territory and the people under the control of the Hudson's Bay company. Such a collision would, of course, embarrass the negotiation very much, and add to the difficulties of the question."

From the St. Louis Republican of the 15th. "A few days since, we saw an allusion made in the New York Evening Fost to the Boie Brudes of the northwest, and what the Fost then said of these men, we have heard substantially sustained by men from the mountains. These Bois Brudes are half breeds, or mixed bloods, for the most part the shildren of the Scotch, and other white men in the

adopted towards the United States-particularly on the subject of Texas. We trust it will not continue

see some favorable change in the revelations of th

when La Fayette and Rochambeau dedicated their

We are compelled to say that the extravagant spec

do not partake of the usual penetration and states-

The facts are in many respects unfounded. The policy which it ascribes to the United States is

est blood to the cause of our country.

Among the clippings which we have received from in official correspondent in Paris, is the following exract. "The Debats," referred to in the extract, is the

ourt journal, and devoted to the entente cordiale. Navy Department, Mr. Samuel A. Allen was em zot. Respect for the King of the French forbids our speculating upon the causes of this policy, or at least of the change of tone, which has been recently ment for a sum greatly according to the change of tone, which has been recently ment for a sum greatly according to the change of tone of the change of the change of tone of the change of the mitted by them. This statement, upon scrutiny, was shown to be erroneous; and when Mr. Allen was so; and if M. Guizot's health compels him to retire mitting it, and closed his explanation by saying—
"Permit me to assure you, sir, in the most sincere maner, that I am equally astonished, and mortified to say the third statement is apparently wholly void of foundation ruth, and I rejoice in contradicting its spirit. This I with the utmost readiness, and hope that any unplease effects which the nature of the paragraph was pertugate evaluated to preduce, may be removed by this recanstation." I have the honor to be, six,

"Very respectfully, your obedient servant." "SAMUEL A ALLEN." two countries, will, it is to be hoped, again bind France and the United States together, as in the days

"ERROR CORRECTED.

rs. Fitch, Brothers & Co., late navy age

re deprived of the agency by the late ad-

"Hon. John Y. Mason, "Secretary of the Navy."

We are authorized by the present Secretary the Navy, (Mr. Bancroft,) to say, that he also he looked into the transactions of the late navy agent Messrs. Fitch, Brothers & Co., and it gives hir pleasure to express the opinion that their origina orrect. It is entirely at fault about the views and was correct, and that in all respects, their conduc destiny of Texas. The character which it portrays as agents, has been just, liberal and honorable of our own parties and politics, is exaggerated and

ings of "a most gratifying meeting of the democracy" of Washington county, Mississippi, on the 29th "The Débuts has a long article on the Texian question, the revolution in Mexico, and the differences between England and the United States. It ences between England and the United States. It says it has no intention of pronouncing a eulogium on the government of Santa Anna, which was a government without morality, 'but it had in it something like a principle of stability. Santa Anna, finding Mexico embarrassed by a federalism unskilfully copied from that of the United States, had rendered a real service of reconstituting a sort of centralisation. Our contemporary is of opinion that, with the overthrow by Santa Anna, the federal system will fall into fresh disorder, and the Anglo-Mexicans be encouraged by the divisions among the people, and their want of unity, to attempt the conquest of Mexico.' It does not follow, adds the Débats, that the United States will add Texas to their territories:

efficient and happy" manner. "He returned to the democracy of this county his deep and sincere thanks for past kindness, and expressed his grati stranger, to fill one of her most important posts; and "The Débats then goes on to observe that the spirit of invasion of the Anglo-Americans is at an extreme height; that Texas, large as it is, would not satisfy them now; and that they require immediate and complete possession of the Oregon Territory. Proceeding then to notice the excitement that is kept up in the American Congress, the Débats adds: his country when Texas should blaze upon the banner of her twenty-six sister States; when the citizen of Oregon could shield himself under the same flag, and present a Union to the world to defy its enemies, and reasts of its friends."

> MILITARY ACADEMY AT WEST POINT. Congress has refused, for a year or two past, to nake any appropriation for a board of visiters a West Point. But, instead of the former board, a number of military gentlemen assemble there by d ection of the Secretary of War. The following i copy of the last order issued on this subject:

> "In order that the department may obtain the us information on the workings of the United Sta military academy, within the laws and regulatic provided for its government, the officers mention below are appointed inspectors of the institution the year. They will meet at West Point the Monday in June; attend the annual examination the corps of cadets, and make report upon the depline, instruction, and general condition of transfer.

emy: Major General Scott, Surgeon General Lawson, Major Levi Whiting.

reached—the person assailed. We are authorized to pronounce the whole statement to be utterly false to start until June, and that animals, provisions, and everything for complete equipment, are to be obtained in abundance, and on the most moderate terms, in this county."

The Hudson's Bay Company, on their side, are not sleeping on their oars. The "St. Louis Republicant" of the 15th instant, calls upon our government not to leave the Oregon settlers without protection.

Resons Death of Gex. Jackson.—A rumor was in circulation yesterday that news had reached the city of the death of Gen. Jackson. The Nashville papers received last to state, in connection with this sub-

LATE NAVY AGENTS AT MARSEILLES. EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

[From our regular correspondent.]

PRILADELPHIA, May 23, 1845.

The sixty-first anniversary of the Protestant Episcopal church, now in season, continues to be an exciting a character for a religious body. They read also an interest without effecting an election of bishop. When I write you yesterday, it was just as the Rev. Dr.

Tyng had withdrawn; and in his ejeech doing so, he nominated the Rev. T. M. Clark, of this city rector of the St. Andrew's church. Mr. Bowman's friends continued to adhere to him; and at length, on the fifth ballot, the low church electron of the fifth ballot, the low church electron.

The robbery of Mr. Soren, noticed yesterday, it was brought to my attention by his printed handbill on the fifth ballot, the low church electron.

The robbery of Mr. Soren, noticed yesterday, it was brought to my attention by his printed handbill on the fifth ballot, the low church electry voting for Mr. Clark, be was nominated for bishop. According to the rules of the church, his name was then submitted to the lay members present, representating minety-two churches. The result was, that Dr. Bowman's nomination toes rejected by the laity, by the following vote: ayes 37, noes 55. This properties of the control of such as are ignorant and interest and singular habit, heretofore, of saccrificing our personnel was had been deading newspapers and periodicals of the day. They have a handsome library of books, and a reading-room supplied with the leading newspapers and periodicals of the day. They have a handsome library of books, and a reading-room supplied with the leading newspapers and periodicals of the day. They have a handsome library of books, and a reading-room supplied with the leading newspapers and periodicals of the day. They have a handsome library of books, and a reading-room supplied with the leading newspapers and periodicals of the day. They have a handsome libr se then submitted to the lay members present, repress then submitted to the lay members present, repress senting minety-two churches. The result was, that Dr. Bowman's nomination user sejected by the following vote: ayes 37, noes 55. This created great excitement; and in the midst of the confusion, the convention adjourned till the evening. At 8 o'clock p. m., when the convention reassembled, the Rev. Mr. Clark withdrew his own name from the list of candidates, and re-nominated Dr. Tyng. The Rev. Dr. Colema then renominated Dr. Tyng. The Rev. Dr. Colema the placed in nomination ater a name could regain be placed in nomination ater a name could regain be placed in nomination ater and the respective of the last of the representation of the

The new opera of Leonora, now in course of rehearsal at the Chesnut-street theatre, composed by Mr. Wm. Fry, of this city, and brother, has excited quite a sensation here, and will doubtless be attended by vast crowds of people. The plot is the same as that of the Lady of Lyons; the scene, however, to be laid in Spain, instead of France. Four thousand dollars are to be expended upon the scenery and dresses, which are expended upon the scenery and rense, in fact, for an artist." It will be produced with an orchestra of fifty musicians, and a chorus of seventy persons, male and female. The opera will be sung throughout. It is looked for with great anxiety, and will be produced at the Chesnut-atreet theatre, on the 2d of June. If it succeed, as many persons predict it will, it will form not only a musical era, but will reflect the highest credit upon the composer. There is nothing more difficult than to compose such an opera. uch an opera.

Peytona, the southern mare, is now at Camde

Peytona, the southern mare, is now at Camden, and in the daily habit of training on the Camden course. She is said to be a most ungainly creature, and lacks altogether the beauty and symmetry of her equally celebrated rival. The city is already filling up with visitors, who have come to attend the decisive contest of Wednesday next.

A few evenings ago, attracted by the announcement of a play called "Silvius" or the Roman Odd Fellow," written by a gentleman of Philadelphia, I went to the Walnut street theatre, to see it performed. It turned out to be a most execrable humbug, and was fairly hooted off the stage. The author (so says the rumor) was so indignant at the massacre of his play, that he rushed out of the theatre in despair; but it cannot be denied that the actors did their best to save it.

Talking of amusements I am reminded of what

thor (so says the rumor) was so indignant at the massacre of his play, that he rushed out of the theatre is in despair; but it cannot be denied that the actors did their best to save it.

Talking of amusements, I am reminded of what has often struck me as a thing greatly to be desired in Philadelphia, during the summer season—I mean such an establishment as that of Niblo's, or (if it was possible) the spacious and elegant establishment at Castle Garden, on the battery, in New York. Our theatres are too close for the summer; people will not go to amuse, roast, and steam themselves at the same time; but in an establishment like either of those I have named, situate in a garden, canopied over lightly, and not fenced in at the sides, the vaudeville, the opera, and even the tragedy, could be enjoyed in the most oppressive weather. I cannot doubt that if such a place could be properly established in this city, it would prove to the proprietor a very excellent investment.

The book market is not very well supplied with choice publications. The flood of trashy literature continues unabated. Among the works most eagerly purchased and perused are those of Eugene Sue. One of his latest, therese Dunnoyer, I read through hastily a day or two ago. No one who reads this production can fail to be impressed with the belief that Eugene Sue is a very great writer. Therees a remarkable book, and abounds in much that is as new as it is startling. Some of the scenes are like finished psintings, and there is hardly a character or scene that is not drawn with equal boldness and originality. It is not so long, and, therefore, is not so wondrously sustained in the plot and execution, as his Matilda, which was truly a fearfully attractive work, and stamped the author as a man of great and remarkable powers. I have not, however, noticed these books to praise, but to condemn them. Able as they are, they contain more sentiments of an infamous tendency than any two books of the present or preceding century, pretending to eminence.

its principles and its continued triumph and successabove the local or sectional interests of mere party or local cliques, will sustain you in the course you have indicated and thus far followed up. They know the old republican ship has just come in from a tempestuous and stormy sea, where banks, breakers and shoals beset her on every side, threatening her wreck and ruin. She needs repairing and fitting for sea sgain, where she will have soon to meet and battle the dangers and storms of a still more tempeat-tossed ocean. Your duty is to persuade all the crew and officers to unite with stout hearts and willing hands to repair and refit the old Iron sides for elemental strife. We have no time for divisions or to attend to cliques. We want all hands united in carrying forward and in sustaining the republican principles of our fathers, and in handing them down to the latest posterity. They are as eternal as truth, and deserve to be spread over the world as wide and as far as men are found to be blessed by their happy influence.

We have late news from Aux Cayes, St. Domingo, which gives accounts of a battle between the Haytians and Spaniards, which resulted in severe loss on both sides.

The Washington has arrived from Matanzas, but brings no later news than that previously received. A large steamer is to be launched to-morrow to run on the North river, said to be about 332 feet long. She is to be called the Oregon.

A German by the name of Klum is undergoing his trial in New York for murder and arson. He shut a Mrs. Hamlin and child up in a shanty and set fire to it. She was reacued, with the child; but she died from the injuries received from partial suffocation, &c. The plea of insanity is set up in defence of the prisoner, sustained by his brother and other testimony.

The United States ship Lexington arrived this

Besides an older church on shore, they have moored, not far from their home, a very neat, and unique mariners' floating church, in which they have the opportunity of attending and hearing preaching, two or three times every Sabbath. There is also a seaman's savings bank, in which they have deposited considerable sums of money.

The insurance offices of New York, with a praiseworthy liberality, have done much to encourage these noble sailor institutions—well knowing that there is more safety for vessels intrusted to sober, intelligent, and active crews, than when under the control of such as are ignorant and intensperate. The ship-of-the-line Columbus is now ready for sea, and only awaits the company, or readiness, of the Vincennes, undergoing some slight repairs, to proceed. The Hon. Alexander H. Everett and lady are in town ready to embark, carrying the ratified Chinese treaty.

An article, which I think first appeared in the Augsburg Gazette, communicated by some commercial German agent or diplomatist, states that the China trade is much overrated; that intercourse with the

An article, which I think first appeared in the Augaburg Gazette, communicated by some commercial German agent or diplomatist, states that the China trade is much overrated; that intercourse with the interior is as far from being realized as ever; that foreigners residing in the southern parts cannot venture beyond the immediate oversight of foreign protection, without danger of robbery or assassination; that in the north parts intercourse is somewhat enlarged, but the people are poor, being drained of money for the purchase of the infernal, debasing, and poisonous drug, opium; and he considers that the markets of China are already overstocked with foreign goods, especially English and American cotton goods.

Our exports of lead to China have become very considerable; and we in a measure supply their market for this stricle. We also send them considerable ginseng, cotton piece goods, &c. Recently Yankee wooden clocks have been sent out to Canton by way of trial, and we do not know what else.

Carters and Parke convicted in Messas counts.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Mr. Franck Taylor, bookseller, has again placed us under obligations for several new works. They are an "Encyclopædia of Domestic Economy;" "The Dutchman's Fireside;" "Platonic Theology," by Dr. T. Lewis; part 6th of the "Dictionary of Practical Medicine;" No. 49 of Harpers "Illuminated and Illustrated Shakspeare;" No. 26 of Harpers "Illuminated and new Pictorial Bible;" and the 2d vol. of the "United States Exploring Expedition."

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A German by the name of Klum is undergoing his trial in New York for murder and arson. He shut a Mrs. Hamlin and child up in a shanty and set fire to it. She was reacued, with the child; but she died from the injuries received from partial suffices, with the modes of warming, ventilating, and lighting them; a description of the various articles of furniture; the preservation of the prisoner, sustained by his brother and other testimony.

The United States ship Lexington arrived this morning from Gibraltar, from whence she sailed the 29th of March. She has brought three officers as passengers.

Stocks are still down. Cotton about the same as yesterday, and firm at that.

[From the same.]

New York, May 24, 1845.

The packet ship Roscius, Captain Eldridge, which sailed from New York on the 23d of march last for Liverpool, encountered vast fields of ice on the banks. The captain states he fell in with a long, as loid, and extensive field of ice, which lay in the direction of northeast and southwest, and about twenty-five miles long. He first came up with the ice in fogzy weather in about latitude 44° north. He had to tack ship and run down south to near to first the same of the was enabled to bear away on his course without obstruction. He saw several ships which seemed to be more or less entangled in the ice, and fears are entertained that some of them may have sustained serious damage.

The floating ice has appeared very early the pres-

and and the early real and in high of the Deliver Walls of the High of the Hig

selection of them had a religion or lation of the islands, religion or their idea of the creation, of a their omens, their superstitions, their musical instruments, their their births, their marriages and coadoption of children, their burials, adoption of children, their burials, and improvements on the ancient of improvements on the ancient of improvements on the ancient of the control of the

New Jersey, of the murder of old Mr. Parke and the Castner family, in Warren county, have been sentenced to be hung in the latter county on the 22d of August next.

Dr. Potter, of Union College, and son-in-law of Dr. Nott, has been elected Bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania.

By the activity of members of the New York pofflice, the rogues concerned in the robbery of Mr. Soren, of 9 College Place, have been arrested, and \$1,600 of the money recovered. They arrested a man by the name of Wm. Robinson, whose arrest led to that of Patterson and Gilmartin, with one or two females. Gilmartin kept a kind of "groggery" in Anthony street.

A large portion of the money were found on the persons of some of the roney was found secreted beneath the floor of the house, in a box. Other portions of the money were found on the persons of some of the rogues. The confederates accuse Patterson of being the active agent in the robbery. It is reported that the papers have all been found by a boy on the side-walk in Murray street.

3, r. m.—To-day £15,000 of exchange on London and at \$1, which is somewhat lower than former dates. On France, quotations stand at 5.25. Cotton is in active demand; and the advance since the arrival of the steamer has reached ½ cent, equal to the rise in Liverpool.

Western flour sold at \$4 50; Richmond city mills, country, at \$5; Georgetown and Brandywine, \$4 50; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern flour sold at \$4 50; Richmond city mills, country, at \$5; Georgetown and Brandywine, \$4 50; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; southern yellow corn, 44; mixed ditto, 45 at 45; so Mr. Franck Taylor, b